

OFFICIAL RULES OF THE BCA POOL LEAGUE

RULES SECTION 2

8-BALL

2.1 The Game

8-Ball is a call shot game played with a cue ball and fifteen object balls numbered 1 through 15. Each player or team has a group of seven balls: the solid colored balls numbered 1 through 7, or the striped balls numbered 9 through 15. The 8-ball is the game winning ball. The object of the game is for you to pocket your entire group of balls and then legally pocket the 8-ball. The game is played by two players or two teams.

2.2 8-Ball Rack

The balls are racked as follows (see Figure 2-1):

- a. in a triangle with the apex ball on the foot spot;
- b. the rows behind the apex are parallel to the foot string;
- c. the 8-ball is in the middle of the row of three balls;
- d. the remaining balls are placed at random, except that the ball at each rear corner of the rack must be of a different group than the other rear corner. The left/right orientation of the groups for those two balls does not matter. (AR p. 99)

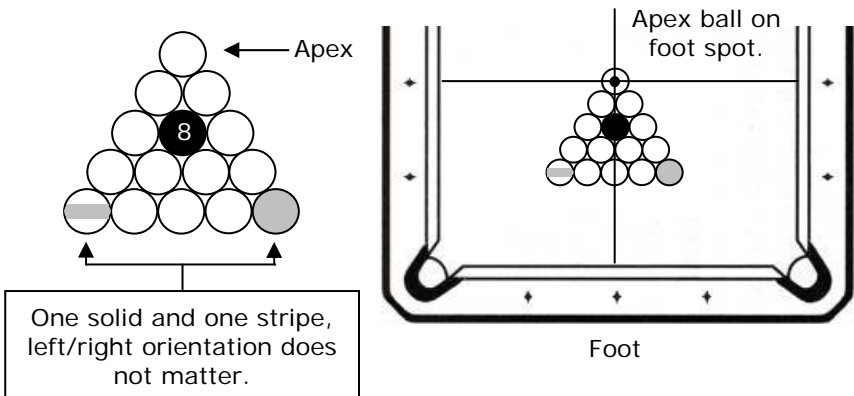


Figure 2-1

## OFFICIAL RULES OF THE BCA POOL LEAGUE

### 2.3 Break Requirements

1. You begin the break with ball in hand behind the head string. There is no requirement ***to call a ball on the break shot*** or for the cue ball to contact any particular ball first. You must pocket a ball or cause at least four object balls to contact one or more cushions or it is an illegal break. If you pocket a ball, you continue to shoot. If you do not pocket a ball or you commit a foul, your inning ends.

2. If you intend to break softly, you must notify your opponent and allow them the opportunity to call a referee to watch your break. ***Failure to do so is a foul.***

3. If your break is illegal your inning ends. Your opponent may:

- a. accept the table in position if you did not scratch;
- b. accept the table in position with ball in hand behind the head string if you ***foul***;
- c. re-rack the balls and break;
- d. require you to re-rack the balls and break again.

4. If you scratch or jump the cue ball off the table on a legal break and do not pocket the 8-ball, your inning ends and any other pocketed balls remain pocketed. Your opponent receives ball in hand behind the head string.

5. If you foul on a legal break but do not scratch or pocket the 8-ball, your inning ends and any other pocketed balls remain pocketed. Your opponent may:

- a. accept the table in position or;
- b. take ball in hand behind the head string.

6. In all cases on the break, jumped balls other than the 8-ball are not returned to the table except in the case of a re-rack.

### 2.4 8-Ball Pocketed on the Break

1. If you pocket the 8-ball on the break and do not foul, you may:

- a. have the 8-ball spotted and accept the table in position or;
- b. re-rack the balls and break again.

## OFFICIAL RULES OF THE BCA POOL LEAGUE

2. If you pocket the 8-ball on the break and scratch or jump the cue ball of the table, your inning ends. Your opponent may:

- a. have the 8-ball spotted and take ball in hand behind the head string;
- b. re-rack the balls and break;
- c. require you to re-rack the balls and break again.

3. If you pocket the 8-ball on the break and foul but do not scratch, or if you jump the 8-ball off the table, your inning ends. Your opponent may:

- a. have the 8-ball spotted and take ball in hand behind the head string;
- b. have the 8-ball spotted and accept the table in position;
- c. re-rack the balls and break;
- d. require you to re-rack the balls and break again.

4. If the 8-ball is pocketed on the break, and it is not noticed until after another shot has been taken, the game will be replayed with the player who broke the game breaking again.

### 2.5 Table Open After the Break

The table is always open after the break and remains open until groups are established. When the table is open, all object balls except the 8-ball are legal object balls. For combination shots, a ball of one group may be contacted first to pocket a ball of the other group. The 8-ball may be part of such a combination if it is not the first ball contacted by the cue ball.

### 2.6 Establishing Groups

1. Groups are established when the first object ball is legally pocketed on a shot after the break. The player legally pocketing the first ball is assigned that group, and the opponent is assigned the other group. ***You cannot establish a group on a safety.*** (AR p. 99)

2. If all balls of either group are pocketed on the break or illegally pocketed before groups are established, either player may legally shoot the 8-ball during their inning. You win the game if you legally pocket the 8-ball on such a shot.

## OFFICIAL RULES OF THE BCA POOL LEAGUE

3. Once they are established, groups can never change for the remainder of that game. If a player shoots the wrong group and no foul is called before the next shot and the player continues to shoot at that group, or if at any time during the game it is discovered by either player or a referee that the players are shooting the wrong groups and a foul was not called in a timely manner, the game will be replayed with the player who broke the game breaking again.

### **2.7 Continuing Play**

1. Once groups are established, play continues with each player having their group as legal object balls. Balls in your opponents' group and the 8-ball are illegal object balls. When it is your inning, you continue to shoot as long as you legally pocket a ball on each shot. Your inning ends if you do not legally pocket a ball.

2. Jumped balls and illegally pocketed balls are not returned to the table but do count in favor of the player with that group.

### **2.8 Safety Play**

Prior to any shot except the break, you may declare a safety. On a safety, your inning ends after the shot regardless of whether you pocket any ball. You must declare the safety to your opponent before the shot, and they must acknowledge your intentions. If you do not declare a safety or it is not acknowledged, and you pocket an obvious ball, your inning continues and you must shoot again. A safety must meet the requirements of a legal shot or it is a foul. (AR p. 76, 99)

### **2.9 Shooting the 8-Ball**

1. The 8-ball becomes your legal object ball on your first shot after the last ball of your group is pocketed. The player who legally pockets the 8-ball wins the game. (AR p. 99)

2. With the exception of the provisions of Rule 2.10, it is not loss of game if you foul but do not pocket the 8-ball. Your opponent receives ball in hand.

### **2.10 Loss of Game**

You lose the game if:

- a. you illegally pocket the 8-ball; (AR p. 100)

## OFFICIAL RULES OF THE BCA POOL LEAGUE

- b. you jump the 8-ball off the table on any shot other than the break;
- c. you pocket the 8-ball on the same shot as the last ball of your group;
- d. you violate any General Rule that requires loss of game as a penalty;
- e. you pocket the 8-ball on a ***shot defined as not obvious*** that you do not call (Rule 1.17.5 does not apply to 8-Ball);
- f. ***you foul under Rule 1.33.4 or 1.33.7 and the 8-ball falls into a pocket.***

### 2.11 Stalemate

If a referee judges that the table is in a position such that any attempt to pocket or move a ball will result in loss of game, and each player has played three consecutive innings without significantly changing the position, the referee will declare a stalemate and the game will be replayed with the player who broke the game breaking again. (AR p. 100)